SOCIAL PRACTICE: Exchange views of community service.

NAME:

1 Read the text to complete the conversation below.

Pretend that you are going to buy a double special hamburger and lemonade at Hank's Burger. You don't want more cheese, but you love mustard and green olives.

Attendant: Good afternoon, what can I get for you

today?

double special
You: I'll have a 1) hamburger

Attendant: Do you want extra 2) cheese

mustard and

You: No, thank you, but I'd like 3) green olives

Attendant: Perfect! I'm sure it will be delicious!

Attendant: What would you like to drink?

You: I'll have the 4) lemonade

Attendant: Of course, anything else?

You: No, that's all. 5) How much is it ?

Attendant: That will be seven dollars.

You: 6) Here you are

Attendant: Thank you.



2 Complete the table with the expressions from the box.

Hi!	How are you?	Come on!	How can I help you?	Excuse me, Sir.
	now are you:	Come on:	now can melp you:	Excuse file, 311.

	Ways to Communicate
1 Formal	How can I help you?
2 Casual	How are you?
3 Informal	Hi!, Come on!
4 Courteous	Excuse me, Sir.



SOCIAL PRACTICE: Compose dialogs and interventions for a silent short movie.

1 Complete the conversation with words from the box.

genre	really	rather	would like	interesting				
Susan: I	really liked	I the silent 1	movie Professoi	Barton shov	ved us! The ti	me in history	was very	
1)	intere	esting	! Don't you	think so Davi	d?			
	Hmmm I c h movies w	. —		lil	ke it. I would	3)	rather	
Susan: \	Why? Don't	you like th	is 4)	genre	at all?			
			oring! The story		t I 5)	would like	to	o watch it
Susan: (OK, but any	way we hav	e to write a scr	ipt for a siler	it movie, so l	et's get to wo	ork!	
David: 1	_et's go!							

2 Underline the correct definition of the movie words in the sentences.

- 1 The plot of a movie is:
 - a the most exciting scene in the movie.
 - b the story line.
 - c the main character.
- 2 The climax of the movie is:
 - a movement that is used to communicate actions.
 - **b** the time and place of a movie.
 - c the most exciting or important event in a scene or movie.
- 3 The villain of a story is someone who:
 - **a** is the main character.
 - **b** is one of the main characters and is a bad person.
 - c is always the main male character who is a good person.
- 4 Facial expressions are very important because they:
 - a communicate feelings through the look of a person's face.
 - **b** they are movements used to communicate actions or attitudes.
 - **c** they are written to show dialogues or narrate events.
- 5 The titles or intertitles in a movie are always:
 - a words that are written in the native language of the actors.
 - **b** words written on the screen to show a dialogue or narrate.
 - c words related to the main topic of a specific scene.





SOCIAL PRACTICE: Exchange compliments, likes, and dislikes in an interview.

NAME:

1 Read the conversation and circle T (True) or F (False) below.

Sara: Hi Michael! Are you ready for the band session?

Michael: Not really, I think that I am not going to participate; I prefer to take part in the soccer match.

David: But it's going to be fun! I like soccer too, but I really I love to play the guitar and sing country songs!

Sara: Really? I didn't know you liked that music? I love it too, and I'm more than ready for the playback!

David: Oh yes! I have listened to this music since I was little, and I like country music more than pop music.

Michael: And who is your favorite country singer?

Sara: I bet it is Kenny Rogers!

David: No, I prefer to listen to Blake Shelton!

Sara: Me too! And he's so handsome!

Michael: Oh! Come on! We're talking about music, not about the singer's looks!

1 Michael and David don't share the same interests and likes.

2 Sara really enjoys singing and dancing.

3 David likes country music more than pop music.

4 Michael mentions that he really likes to participate in the school band.

5 David likes to listen to Kenny Rogers and other country music singers instead of Blake Shelton.

T F

(F)

T F

T (F)

T (F)



2 Read the text and answer the questions.

David likes country music more than pop songs. He enjoys listening to Blake Shelton's songs. He researched that folk songs are traditional songs or music, and many of them are from unknown composers. He enjoys singing these songs at family reunions. David also enjoys listening to country music with his family.

1 Sara said that David prefers folk songs, didn't she?

Yes, she did.

2 David loves country music, especially if the singer is Kenny Rogers, doesn't he?

No, he doesn't.

3 Sara mentioned that David really likes to attend rock concerts, didn't she?

No, she didn't.

- 4 Folk songs are fun to sing at school reunions, aren't they? No, they aren't.
- 5 David likes to sing country songs with his family too, doesn't he?

Yes, he does.



SOCIAL PRACTICE: Agree with others a travel itinerary.

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1 Read the sentences and circle the best option.

1 Monarch Butterflies come to Mexico each year. David and Mary will go to visit this beautiful place next month.

The underlined sentence refers to:

- a future plans.
- **b** a main idea.
- c planning a field trip.
- 2 We need to choose the activities for our school's field trip to Toluca.

The sentence refers to:

- a the destination.
- **b** the things to take.
- **c** the schedule.



2 Name three things you need to take on a field trip to the beach:

1	Answers may vary.
2	Answers may vary.
3	Answers may vary.

3 Choose one word from the box to complete each sentence.

S	imilar	will	However	Excuse me	shall		
1	She has	been sid	ck all week	Howeve	r	, she will go to the Art Exhibition	on at the Museum.
2		Excuse	e me	_, could you expla	ain the i	instructions again, please?	
3	In Engla	nd they	say: "I	will	c	call your parents tonight", and Ame	ricans say:
	"I	sl	nall	call your pare	nts toni	ight".	
4	•		erent place!	The one on the p	oster is	s very <u>similar</u>	_ to the one

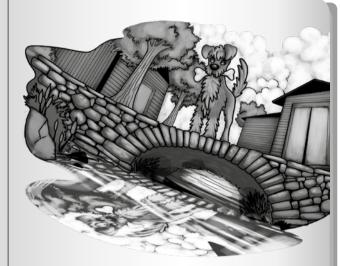


NAME:

1 Read the story and then answer the questions below.

The Dog and the Bone

Once upon a time, Clancy the dog was walking down a country road when suddenly he saw a nice, tasty ham bone by the side of the road. It was obviously an abandoned bone because there were no other dogs around, so Clancy decided to take it home with him. On his way home, he had to go over a bridge to cross a small river. He looked down at the sparkling water, and he saw an amazing thing - a dog in the water with a big bone in its mouth! "I want that bone, too!" thought Clancy. He didn't like swimming, so he leaned over the side of the bridge toward the other dog, and tried to grab the bone. SNAP!



Went Clancy's teeth! *SPLASH!* Went Clancy's bone as it fell into the water and disappeared!

- 1 Who was walking down a country road? Clancy the dog
- 2 What did he find while walking on a country road? A nice, tasty ham bone.
- 3 What did he see in the sparkling water? A dog in the water with a big bone in its mouth!
- 4 What is this story based on? On a classic tale.
- 5 What is the moral of the story? It is not good to be greedy.

2 Complete this summary of the fable *The Dog and the Bone* with the -ing or -ed form of the words in parentheses.

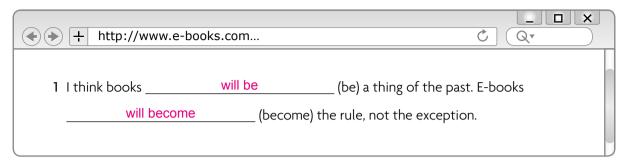
Clancy th	e dog, was 1)	waiking (wa	lk) down a country r	oad. Clancy had to go
over a bri	dge to cross a small	river, when he saw an 2) _	abandoned	(abandon) bone
He 3)	decided	(decide) to take the l	oone home with him	n. He looked in the
4)	sparkling	(sparkle) water and saw	another dog with a l	bone in his mouth.
Clancy wa	anted that bone too	o! He didn't like 5)	swimming	(swim), so he leaned
over the s	side of the bridge to	oward the other dog, but th	e bone fell into the	water!



SOCIAL PRACTICE: Produce constructive forecasts about others.

NAME:

1 Complete the predictions about the future of books.





2 Complete the sentences with will or going to.













- 1 Look, the sky is sunny. It ______ is not going to rain _____ (not rain) today.
- 2 The groundhog remained outside its burrow. I believe that winter <u>will not last</u> (not last) six more weeks.
- 3 Grandma: "My knees ache. It ______ (rain) today."
- 4 There's a cold front. It ______ is going to snow _____ (snow) this afternoon.
- 5 Flowers _____ (bloom) in the spring.

SOCIAL PRACTICE: Read comics to discuss cultural expressions.

NAME:

1 Complete the table with the expressions in the box.

Good afternoon, everyone. Hey, look at the cool sandals I just got! Welcome to the show, Dr. Adams. Awesome! Hey, Paul, glad to be here!

1 Formal Language

Good afternoon, everyone. Welcome to the show, Dr. Adams.

2 Informal Language



2 Circle the right choice to complete the sentences.

- 1 Tell me Dad, have you ever rescued anybody before yesterday?

 No, but I had have taken a First Aid Course when I was in secondary school.
- 2 Mónica hadn't / hasn't finished her part of the project yet.

 But she said she can / could do it for today.
- 3 When I mentioned her name I realized everybody *had* / has already heard about her.
- 4 David Copperfield *could* / *can* do things other illusionists can't.



SOCIAL PRACTICE: Write instructions to use a bilingual dictionary.

NAME:

1 Look at the dictionary entries and complete the parts of speech.

a noun Edad: He's tall for his age.

Está alto para su edad.
b verb Envejecer: His father aged quickly. Su padre envejeció rápidamente.

aged:

c <u>adjective</u> Anciano: An aged woman won the lottery. *Una señora anciana ganó la lotería*.

age limit:

d <u>noun</u> <u>Limite de edad:</u> There is no upper age limit for drivers. *No hay un limite de edad para manejar.*

aging:

e <u>adjective</u> Envejecido: A town with an aging population. *Un pueblo con gente envejecida*.

2 Number the instructions in order.

- 3 Next, complete the missing words.
- 2 Then, find Activity 2 and read the text there.
- 5 Finally, switch books with a classmate to check your answers.
- 1 First, open your books to page 45.
- 4 After that, read it again to make sure you did it right.



SOCIAL PRACTICE: Write notes to elaborate human body diagrams.

NAME:

1 Complete the sentences with words from the box.

the a mouth digestive system It

The job	of the 1) digestive system
• The job o	e nutrients to the body. Its main parts are:
the 21	mouth,
esopha(gus, stomach, and intestine.
• This orç	gan is 3]a
muscle	and it "pumps" blood that carries oxygen.
It is our	heart, and it is positioned between the ribcage and between the lungs.
	It takes the oxygen through the blood site and to the body
aplic it	is the respiratory system where the body cells get energy. Blood is carried to and
from 5]thekidneys in the Perial artery and verification

2 Unscramble the sentences.

- 1 organisms / All / are / different / made up / types of tissue / living / of / .

 All living organisms are made up of different types of tissue.
- 2 of cells / are formed / by / Organs / a group / .
 Organs are formed by a group of cells.
- 3 function / digestive system's / foods / nutrients / main / is / The / to absorb / from / .

 The digestive system's main function is to absorb nutrients from foods.
- 4 senses / stimuli / nervous system / body / outside / from / The / inside / and / the / .

 The nervous system stimuli senses from inside and outside the body.
- 5 are protected / rib cage / by your / lungs / Your / .

 Your lungs are protected by your rib cage.



SOCIAL PRACTICE: Present information about linguistic diversity.

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1 Number the sentences in the correct order.

Science project proposal:

How to protect the biodiversity of your region.

- Organize the cards, practice and decide who will participate in the presentation, questions, and answers.
- $\frac{1}{}$ Organize a team.
- ____6_ Display the exhibition and give the presentation.
- 2 Look for information from different sources.
- _____ Rewrite the selected information, edit and organize notes.
- 4 Make posters.



2 Read the text in Activity 1 again and underline the best option.

- 1 What would you need to explain first?
 - a That biodiversity in our region is important.
 - **b** That biodiversity is important for life, not only in your region but on our planet.
 - c Biodiversity is an important concern to all teachers.
- 2 Then, what would you need to write for a main idea?
 - a In marine ecosystems, the natural food chain is broken by overfishing.
 - **b** Biodiversity is a variety of different plants and animals and their habitats.
 - c Species in an ecosystem need each other to survive.
- 3 A correct statement for backup information would be:
 - a I think that Arthur should be in charge of explaining how flowers are pollinated.
 - b The natural balance in food chains within ecosystems is broken by things that we, humans do.
 - c There are many types of ecosystems.
- 4 An example of an ecosystem in danger is:
 - a There are many types of ecosystems in danger all over the Mexican Republic.
 - **b** Biodiversity is disappearing and we need to protect it.
 - c In marine ecosystems, the natural food chain is broken by overfishing and whaling.

